IPS WELD-ON

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Date Revised: JAN 2006 Supersedes: MAR2005

Information on this form is furnished solely for the purpose of compliance with the Occupational Safety and Health Act and shall not be used for any other purpose. IPS Corporation urges the customers receiving this Material Safety Data Sheet to study it carefully to become aware of the hazards, if any, of the product involved.

In the interest of safety, you should notify your employees, agents and contractors of the information on this sheet.

SECTION I

MANUFACTURER'S NAME

IPS Corporation **ADDRESS**

17109 S. Main St., P.O. Box 379, Gardena, CA. 90248

Transportation Emergencies:

CHEMTREC: (800) 424-9300 **Medical Emergencies:**

3 E COMPANY (24 Hour No.) (800) 451-8346

Business: (310) 898-3300

CHEMICAL NAME and FAMILY TRADE NAME:

Acrylic cement WELD-ON 16 for Acrylic Mixture of Acrylic Resin and Organic Solvents

FORMULA: Proprietary

SECTION II - HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

One of the ingredients listed below is listed as						
a carcinogen (‡) by IARC and NTP	CAS#	APPROX %	ACGIH-TLV	ACGIH-STEL	OSHA-PEL	OSHA-STEL
Synthetic Acrylic Resin	NON/HAZ	5 - 20	N/A		N/A	
Methylene Chloride (‡)	75-09-2	30 - 60*	50 PPM		25 PPM	125 PPM
Methyl Acetate	79-20-9	0 - 35*	200 PPM	250 PPM	200 PPM	
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	78-93-3	0 - 40*	200 PPM	300 PPM	200 PPM	300 PPM
Methyl Methacrylate Monomer	80-62-6	0 - 5	100 PPM		100 PPM	

All of the constituents of Weld-On adhesive products are listed on the TSCA inventory of chemical substances maintained by the US EPA, or are exempt from that listing.

*Title III Section 313 Supplier Notification: This product contains toxic chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act of 1986 and of 40CFR372. This information must be included in all MSDS's that are copied and distributed for this material.

PROPOSITION 65 NOTICE

This product contains chemicals known to the state of California to cause cancer

This material is an aspiration hazard and defats the skin. The ingredients are toxic by inhalation and ingestion and may be absorbed through the skin. Exposure by these routes may cause central nervous system depression, liver and kidney damage and may sensitize the heart muscle. Methylene Chloride may interfere with the oxygen carrying capacity of the blood. Methylene Chloride is a possible human cancer hazard based on test results with laboratory animals. Methylene Chloride has been listed as a potential carcinogen by IARC and NTP. Methylene Chloride is not believed to pose a measureable risk to man when handled as recommended. Under some circumstances, mutagenic changes have been observed with Methyl Methacrylate in animal studies. Precautions should be taken to avoid unnecessary exposure to this cement

SHIPPING INFORMATION			SPECIAL HAZARD DESIGNATIONS				
DOT Shipping Name:	Flammable liquid, toxic, n.o.s. (M	ethyl acetate,		HMIS	NFPA	HAZARD RATING	
DOT Hazard Class:	3; Subsidiary Risk: 6.1	Dichloromethane)	HEALTH:	3	2	0 - MINIMAL	
Identification Number:	UN 1992		FLAMMABILITY:	3	3	1 - SLIGHT	
Packaging Group:	II		REACTIVITY:	0	0	2 - MODERATE	
Label Required:	Flammable Liquid & Toxic (Domestic & International)		PROTECTIVE			3 - SERIOUS	
			EQUIPMENT:	B - H		4 - SEVERE	
		B = Eye, Hand/Skin Protection (Normal use or application & small spill					
Exceptions: None			clean-up activities)				
			H = Eye, Hand/Skin and Respiratory Protection plus Impermeable Apron				
		(When risk of immersion, dipping and/or splashing is present)					

SECTION III - PHYSICAL DATA

APPEARANCE	ODOR	BOILING POINT (°F/°C)		
Clear, thin liquid	Ketone like odor	104°F (40°C) Based on first boiling component:		
		Methylene Chloride		
SPECIFIC GRAVITY @ 73°F ± 3.6° (23°C ± 2°)	VAPOR PRESSURE (mm Hg.)	PERCENT VOLATILE BY VOLUME (%)		
Typical 1.10 ± 0.040	355 mm Hg. @ 68°F (20°C) based on first boiling	Approx. 80-95%		
	component, Methylene Chloride			
VAPOR DENSITY (Air = 1)	EVAPORATION RATE (BUAC = 1)	SOLUBILITY IN WATER		
2.93 based on Methylene Chloride	Approx. 14.5 based on Methylene Chloride	Solvent slightly miscible		
		Resin precipitates		

VOC STATEMENT: Maximum VOC emissions as applied and tested per SCAQMD Rule 1168, Test Method 316A: <250 Grams/Liter (g/l). Meets VOC emission limits for Plastic Cement Welding.

SECTION IV - FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

FLASH POINT	FLAMMABLE LIMITS	LEL	UEL
21°F (-6°C) T.C.C. based on MEK	(Percent by Volume)	1.8	11.5

FIRE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

Dry chemical, carbon dioxide or foam. Water may be an ineffective extinguishing agent.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES

The use of a SCBA is recommended for fire fighters. Water spray may be useful in minimizing vapors and cooling containers exposed to heat and flame. Avoid spreading burning liquid with water used for cooling purposes.

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS

Avoid hot surfaces and other sources of ignition.

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SECTION V - HEALTH HAZARD DATA								
PRIMARY RO	DUTES	v	Inhalation					Ingestion
	OVEREVROEL	X	Inhalation	X	Skin Contact	Eye Con		Ingestion
ACUTE:	EFFECT OF OVEREXPOSURE ACUTE:							
Inhalation:		Exposure to vapors may result in nausea, drowsiness, dizziness, headache, fatigue, other CNS effects and heart arrhythmias (irregular heart beats). Can cause irritation of eyes and nasal passages. Exposure to high concentrations may impair blood's ability to transport oxygen.						
Skin Contact:	<u>.</u>	Prolonged or repeated exposure to vapors may cause liver and kidney damage. Repeated or prolonged contact may result in defatting of skin, irritation, contact dermatitis, rash, itching, swelling. May be absorbed through skin.						
Eye Contact: Ingestion:	Contact: Direct exposure may result in irritation with corneal or conjuctival inflammation if not removed promptly. Vapors may irritate eyes.							
CHRONIC:		medical att	ention.					
Inhalation Ingestion								
	TIVE EFFECTS		OGENICITY M	IUTAGENICI [*]	TY EMBRYOT	OXICITY SENSITIZAT	TION TO PRODUCT SY	Methylene Chloride exposure. YNERGISTIC PRODUCTS
MEDICAL CO	N. AP. ONDITIONS AC	GRAVATE	POSS. D BY EXPOSURE	N. AP. E: This mater		OSS. e an existing dermatitis.	N. AP. Individuals with pre-existi	N. AV.
liver or kidne	ey may have ir	ncreased si	usceptibility to the			-		
Inhalation:			atient to fresh air	and if breath	ing stopped, give	artificial respiration. If	breathing is difficult, give	oxygen. Contact physician
Eye Contact: Skin Contact:		Immediate	ly flush eyes with			and contact a physician. othing and shoes. Laund		If irritation develops, get medical
Ingestion:		Give 1 or 2	2 glasses of water	or milk. Do			oison control center immed	diately.
STABILITY	UNSTABLE			CONDITIO	NS TO AVOID:	N VI - REACT		and handling. Avoid contact or ex-
	STABLE		Х	+				can cause thermal decomposition.
			ies, oxygen, nitrog	gen, peroxide	, potassium and	reactive metals.		
				oxide (CO2),	Phosgene gas an	d smoke upon combustic	on or contact with reactive	e metals.
HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZA		MAY OC	CUR T OCCUR		X	CONDITIONS TO AVO	OID sparks, open flame and c	other sources of ignition
FOLTWERIZA	ATION	WILL NO		VII - SF		EAK PROCEI		other sources or ignition.
STEPS TO BE	E TAKEN IN C	ASE MATE	RIAL IS RELEASE				<u> </u>	
and place in o	closed contain	ers for disp		mination of g	round and surfac	e waters. Do not flush to	equipment) by mopping o b sewer. If spill occurs ind	
Recovered lig		ent to a lic					disposed of in a permitted drains. Consult disposal	d solid waste management facility.
						OTECTION IN		
RESPIRATOR	RY PROTECT	ION (Speci	fy type)					
Atmospheric levels should be maintained below established exposure limits contained in Section II. If airborne concentrations exceed those limits, use of a NIOSH approved positive-pressure, full-facepiece SCBA or positive-pressure, full-facepiece supplied air respirator (with an auxiliary positive pressure SCBA) is recommended.								
Even for emergency and other conditions where short term exposure guidelines may/may not be exceeded, use of an approved positive pressure self-contained								
breathing apparatus (SCBA) is recommended.								
VENTILATION Use only with adequate ventilation. Do not use in close quarters or confined spaces. Open doors and/or windows to ensure airflow and air changes. Use local exhaust ventilation to remove airborne contaminants from employee breathing zone and to keep contaminants below 25 ppm TWA. Use only explosion-proof ventilation equipment.								
Monitoring should be performed to determine exposure level(s) IAW (in accordance with) 29 CFR 1910.1052.								
PROTECTIVE GLOVES PVA coated or Latex-Nitrile rubber for dipping/ EYE PROTECTION Splashproof chemical goggles, face shield, safety glasses (spectacles) with brow guards and side shields, etc. as appropriate for exposure. adequate protection in normal adhesive bonding usage.								
OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND HYGIENIC PRACTICES Impervious apron and a source of running water to flush or wash the eyes and skin in case of contact.								
SECTION IX - SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS								
PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORING Store in a shaded place between 40°F - 110°F (5°C - 43.7°C). Keep away from all sources of heat, sparks, open flame and other sources of ignition. Close container after each use. Use with adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Train employees on all special handling procedures before they work with this product.								
OTHER PRECAUTIONS Follow all precautionary information given on container label, product bulletins and our solvent cementing literature. All material handling equipment should be electrically grounded.								
The information a	nontoined herein in	boood on dat	a considered acc:	Harrier or no		r implied regarding the sees as	ay of this data or the requite to be	abtained from the coa

thereof.

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